

W. P. WALTON,  
Editor and Proprietor.

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AND

UNDERTAKER.

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ford and vicinity that he has opened a shop and

is prepared to do all kinds of work in his line at

most reasonable rates. Undertaking a specialty.

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Coffins and Caskets. Also, a large stock of

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WHOLE NUMBER 182.

LOUISVILLE AND CINCINNATI

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TOPICS OF THE TIME.

MARCH 1875.

The return has not yet been

made, but enough has been made to show an

average increase of population since 1870

of fifteen per cent. The growth is mainly

in the cities, all of which have advanced

rapidly except Salem and Newburyport.

In experiments in Germany on frozen

potatoes prove that the freezing in water

alters the chemical composition of the

tubers. The change is simply physical,

and, even if frozen hard, they are still fit

for distillation, or they may be pressed

to get rid of the water, and then ground

into a very good meal adapted for feeding

cattle.

Hunt's nest, a Chinese delicacy,

is very rich, very palatable, and very ex-

pensive—the latter fact due to the diffi-

culty with which its principal ingredients

is obtained. In China birds pick up worms

on the sea, take it to cliffs and build nests

with it. Men are let down from the tops

of the cliffs by means of ropes, and they

gather the nest before the birds have a

chance to fill them. These birds' nests

cost from forty to sixty dollars a pound.

The Bureau of Statistics reports the

total imports of the country, exclusive of

specie, for July at \$11,286,791, against

\$17,162,476 same month 1874; imports

for seven months this year, \$316,104,731,

against \$351,130,203 same time last year.

Exports for July this year, \$41,651,777,

against \$40,967,184, July, 1874; for seven

months this year, \$322,318,872, against

\$326,243,366 in 1874. There are all cur-

rency values.

Friction impedes the progress of the

railway train, and it is only through

friction that it makes any progress. This

apparent paradox is explained when we

remember that, by reason of the frictional

force of the drivers upon the track, they

draw the train. The bearings of the

wheels upon the rails are a mere line

where they come in contact—iron and

iron—yet this slight and almost im-

perceptible line is sufficient to move

hundreds of tons of dead weight with the

speed of the wind.

An apparatus resembling the type-

writer in design, and intended to be used

as a stenographic reporting machine, has

been brought out in France. It consists

of keys and a lever very much like the

desk of the typewriter, and a long roll of

paper that automatically unrolls as the

keys are touched. Each key makes dots

or dashes, and the lever spaces off the

words and lines. The report in Morse's

alphabet, is thus readily written out as

fast as the keys can be touched, and may

be copied or set up in type without dis-

turbance. Six months' practice will enable

a good operator to follow the most rapid

speaker.

An Italian newspaper gives some inter-

esting information relative to the annual

revenues of the Cardinals. Each Prince

of the Church has an income of six thou-

sand dollars. Cardinal Patrizi has in

addition eight thousand dollars as Cardi-

nal Vicar of Rome, and an equal sum for

his legation. Cardinal Annet draws

twenty-two thousand dollars from his

ecclesiastical benefices. Cardinal de Pietro

NEWS IN BRIEF.

Hills from the Capital.

A telegram received at the Navy Depart-

ment from Captain Edward Simpson, com-

manding the United States steamer Thetis,

announces that the State of Panama has

declared war against the government of Co-

lumbia. The department immediately in-

structed the North Atlantic Station, to hold

its available force in readiness to proceed

without delay to the isthmus if necessary for

the protection of American interests.

Criminal Record.

Abram Symonds, of Pine Hill, New York,

killed his daughter and then himself.

James Langdon was shot dead in a hun-

dred years ago in the city of New York.

He is believed to have been killed by the

man whom he had robbed of his watch.

The killing of Langdon was followed by the

shooting of two men by a detective who

was searching for the murderer.

A Sheriff of the City of New York, the

Journal says that Mary Polter was arrested

for murder at Piquette Lake. Her mother,

and a house woman named Scarborough, lived

together. Mary Scarborough, after Mary by

beating and otherwise maltreating her,

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of stating to the customers of the bank, and

to the public, that the bank is compelled to

suspend business at this moment, and that

outlets from its agencies, are not pre-

pared to make statement as to the situation

of the bank, but are now examining its

condition critically, and will, at the earliest

possible moment, make a full statement. By

order of the Trustees.

President Halston, of the Bank of Cal-

ifornia, committed suicide, by drowning.

From the best information, it appears he

went to a sea-bathing establishment, at the

North Beach, about 225 p. m., undressed,

went into the water, swam about two hun-

dred yards, disappeared behind a cove, and

soon after his body was discovered floating

by the Nelly Lou W



W. P. Walton, Editor and Proprietor.  
T. R. Walton, Jr., Business Manager.

His Excellency.

On Tuesday last, Hon. James B. McCreary, was duly installed into office, with more than the usual formalities. Frankfort literally spread herself. Prominent men from all parts of the State, and several from Ohio and Tennessee, were present. Military and Civic societies were on hand and, amidst the firing of cannon, with music and cheering, our newly elected Chief Magistrate, accepted the great Seal of State, took the oath of office, which was administered by Hon. Wm. Lindsey, of the Appellate Court, and then became Kentucky's ruler.

Gov. Leslie, on retiring, delivered a thoughtful and excellent address, being the only public utterance he had made since 1873. This was responded to by the incoming Governor, in a brief speech, which was replete with good sense. Testimonials of a most touching kind in the way of resolutions of respect to Gov. Leslie, were tendered him by the people of Frankfort, regardless of parties, and the Good Templars of the State, thro' Rev. Green Clay Smith, presented him with a handsome silver service.—A grand inaugural ball at the Capitol Hotel at night, closed the "festivities" of the occasion. We look hopefully to the administration of Governor McCreary, and have every reason to believe that it will be brilliant and redound to the prosperity of the people of our beloved Commonwealth.

The Courier-Journal's Traducers.

The effort made by several papers in this State, and by the Cincinnati Enquirer, to read the Courier-Journal out of the Democratic party, will prove to be as abortive as similar efforts in days gone by. We shall not aim to become the exponent of that metropolitan daily, or one of its "rural" fugitives. The Courier-Journal is abundantly able to take care of itself, and that, too, without help from any quarter, whatever, as has been made manifest in divers "wars and rumors of wars" in the past and present. The exhortation received by a certain paper in the "Purchase," not many days since, at the hands of the C. J., fairly and fully demonstrates the fact. We differ from the views taken by the Courier-Journal on the finance question, but concede to all editors the right to differ from our view. We shall not attempt to read them out of our party because they favor a financial policy different from our own.—The traducers of that paper complain that the editors are vain. Granted. They have a right to be vain, if not conceited, for they are at the head of the ablest and most influential Journal in the West or South. They belong to no clique or ring. They are bold, independent, and self-relying. The "rural press" are indebted to them for much of the prosperity they enjoy. We admit that now and then we are dubbed with the epithet "country cousins," "rural roustabouts," etc., in a tone which sounds satirical, and as though the Courier-Journal felt its superior metropolitan importance, or as if we were entitled to express no opinion which was not gathered from its columns; but we do not look at the matter in that light, on the contrary, we take a more cheerful view of it, and consider that it comes from a merry heart, and is intended in no offensive sense whatever. At any rate, we have the assurance by the editors that such is the spirit in which it is pronounced. When we feel competent to out-run a locomotive, or "butt a hull off of a bridge," then, but not till then, may we attempt to read the Courier-Journal out of the Democratic party. Nine but a perverted imagination can see in its columns any thing to militate against the success of the Democratic ticket in Ohio.

True, that paper opposes the financial plank in their platform, but so does Senator Thurman, a Kinsman, if not a clansman, of Gov. Allen; and hundreds of other true and long-tried Democrats. But they don't attempt the "reading-out" policy. You, dare not. You y perdes vos pas. Vive la Courier-Journal!

THE GREAT BANK FAILURE.—Less than a fortnight ago the great Bank of California had unlimited credit. With its \$5,000,000, gold, and a reserve of \$1,000,000 more she seemed to be a power in the land, and stood No. 1 in all the commercial centers of the world. In a word this institution was the State of California. How have the mighty fallen and how low the haughty money king made low! William C. Ralston, the President of the Bank, who by wild and reckless speculations in gold and silver mines, brought utter financial ruin in the sum of \$14,000,000 upon the stockholders and depositors of his bank, after being requested to resign his position was thrown in the bay at San Francisco, the evening of his resignation, and it is thought that he committed suicide. After living a life of splendor unsurpassed by Kings and potentates, dies by his own act. It was a fitting close to an ill-spent life. Our outside pages give the full details of the great disaster.

HAILED OVER THE COALS.—Some one writing to the Mountain Echo, from somewhere, attempted to "haul us over the coals" because we said that the Democrats up in the mountains did a very handsome thing in electing Mr. Fish to the legislature. He says Mr. Kirtly, his opponent, was "not a party candidate." Did he vote for Lincoln and Grant? And that, too, notwithstanding his "intelligent power." He also says that Mr. K's bitterest opposition came from the Republicans. When! Take that back, man! The same old cry of "Court House clique" swells out upon the air, as it ever does—there and elsewhere, from the friends of all defeated candidates. We incline to the opinion that Mr. K. was defeated by the votes of true Democrats, and not by the "mercenary voters" who failed to cast their ballots. In fact, the men voting for Mr. Fish were not "weak-kneed" folks at all, as the correspondent writes it, nor are the "honorable" duties of a Legislator, as the aforesaid writer spells it, beyond the "intelligent power" of Mr. Fish, or even the ability of an ordinary man with no more "intelligent power" than the correspondent himself.

A REPORT that has been going the rounds of the press, that one Burke, of Henderson county, while cursing God for destroying his crops with rain, was struck dumb, and died a few hours later, turned out, of course, to be a hoax. The day of mercuries have past, and Mr. Burke can "cuss" and enjoy all the pleasures of the wicked here, but when "in hell, he lifteth up his eyes" he'll wish he had not.

THE Exposition opened yesterday at Louisville, with a fine display, and the largest procession ever seen in the city. It promises to be the best that has been held during the four years. It will remain open till Oct. 16th. We thank Mr. T. C. Tracie, on the part of the officers, for a complimentary ticket.

THE Richmond Register credited us with an article in regard to a certain runaway match from this vicinity, which we copied from the Lebanon Standard, for the amusement of those who knew the facts in the case. Give the Devil his due.

THE Bourbon Fair commences next Tuesday, 7th, and continues during the week. The Kentucky Central R. R. will sell tickets at reduced rates—good for all trains—and will run an extra train, which will leave Nicholasville at 8 A. M.

WE are indebted to the efficient Genl. Ticket Agent of the Short Line R. R., Mr. S. S. Parker, for substantial favors.

Daughters' College.

Near Harrodsburg, Ky., under the Presidency of John Augustus Williams, will re-open as usual, on the 15th of September, with an enlarged Faculty, improved accommodations, and a more extended course of study. President Williams, instead of retiring from his profession because of his health, or accumulated fortune, as has been reported, is just beginning to get really in earnest in his work. He has been expending thousands of dollars this summer, in increasing his facilities for the highest culture of young ladies.

Daughters College, established 20 years ago, is a permanent, as well as an independent and progressive school. The Institution, we learn, is already about full, registering ladies from a dozen different States, and from every section of Kentucky. Any that may yet wish to secure rooms, should therefore, apply at once.

CASEY COUNTY SEEN.

Liberty.

THE Casey County Teachers' Institute, convened at the Christian Church, in this place, on Monday, August 23d, at 10 o'clock, A. M., and continued four days—opening with 49 teachers of the county, in attendance, and closing with 52 out of 57 teachers—the remainder having been excused to attend more convenient Institutes. The Institute opened with a fair attendance of citizens of this and other counties in attendance, and closed with a crowded house, all manifesting deep interest in its proceedings.

ORGANIZATION.—D. W. Chesnut, C. S. C., ex-officio, took the Chair and announced the first business in order, to be the election of officers. On motion of Bro. Chesnut, D. W. Coleman was elected permanent Chairman, Col. Silas Adams and Dr. D. P. Estes, Vice Presidents, and E. Tarrant, Secretary. Prof. G. W. Chevis, Col. Silas Adams and J. M. Perryman, were appointed a committee to revise the programme. Col. S. A. Adams, J. H. Hankins, and John McDaniel, were appointed a committee on resolutions.

ROLL OF MEMBERS.—The following teachers were enrolled as members:—J. M. Perryman, C. B. Anderson, E. F. Braunsen, E. F. Mays, H. T. Harris, J. E. Wood, W. H. Mays, Miss Pattie Moore, B. W. Allen, of Liberty; Miss P. W. Wood, T. S. Benson, John McDaniel, Miss Ida Roland, E. M. Estes, J. C. Durham, W. P. Thomas, Miss Maggie Roland, Wallace Jones, Miss Lillian Scott, H. A. Lee, of Middleburg, Ky.; Miss L. T. Wood, B. C. Wood, J. R. Dunlap, N. B. Nash, Miss Mollie A. Powell, of Hustonsville, Ky.; G. W. Chevis, S. M. Williams, Miss Julia Marcum, of Powers' Store, Ky.; Miss Mary E. McLean, Miss E. J. Neal, Miss Rebecca Hudson, J. P. Chilton, L. J. Minton, G. W. Hubbard, W. M. Chilton, J. P. Williams, S. S. Benson, J. W. Wilkerson, S. H. Porter, F. P. Connelley, of Williams' Store; J. D. Morgan, J. B. Wesley, E. McDonald, Mrs. Mary J. Ashley, of Poplar Hill; J. T. Eastham, Virgil McClure, Silas Wesley, of Mintonville; Harriet A. Reavers, of Campbellsville; E. Tarrant, of Mount Salem; A. W. Hildgery, of Vale's Store; J. H. Hankins, of Allegheny, Ky.

HONORARY MEMBERS.—Col. Silas Adams, Col. Frank Wolford, Elder W. L. Williams, Miss Hannah Burgin, Prof. W. K. Ashill, Prof. H. C. Dunn, Rev. W. W. Harris, Dr. E. C. Neal, Dr. J. Smith, Geo.

W. P. O. Young, George Stone, Judge J. Davis Stone, J. Russell, Capt. William Penn, Dr. R. P. Estes, J. P. Jasper, and William Powell.

OBJECT OF TEACHERS' INSTITUTE was explained by the Conductor, Prof. G. W. Chevis, in an able address, also, its necessity and beneficial results, and was followed by Prof. Dunn and Ashill, endorsing his remarks.

CLAM AND BLACKBOARD EXERCISES DURING THE WEEK.—Primary Arithmetic—S. M. Williams, thought Mental and Practical Arithmetic should be thoroughly drilled in its notation and Numeration. Primary Grammar—Prof. H. C. Dunn, an interesting class exercise. Technical Grammar—Prof. W. K. Ashill, gave an interesting history of language; the probability of the English language becoming universal; offered objections to technical names and definitions; gave clear definitions of propositions, verbs, nouns, and some new ideas about nouns, tenses and participles. Orthography—W. P. Thomas and Eld. Estes, teaching beginners. Word Method—J. C. Durham, elicited much discussion, in which Miss Hannah Burgin, being called upon for her opinion, gave decided preference for that method, as it disposed of teaching the alphabet, aided the child in observing, and rendered a drawing tone inapproachable. Elder W. L. Williams, D. W. Coleman, and others, fully endorsed Miss Burgin's views, but Prof. Chevis criticized them without offering decisive opposition. Common Fractions—J. H. Hankins, Partial Payments—J. T. Eastham, followed by Prof. Chevis, showing a short method of computing interest. The Best Method of Teaching Geography.—W. P. Thomas, as the importance of it in common schools, and blackboard illustrations. Composition—C. B. Anderson. Manner of teaching in Common Schools. The principles of Penmanship, N. B. Nash, orally and by chart illustrations. Phonetic Spelling—A. B. Williams, followed by criticisms of Messrs. Perryman, Durham, Thomas and Estes. History—J. H. Hankins; his method of teaching the same, followed by the methods of Chevis and Perryman. Algebraic Axioms, A. B. Williams, followed by Chevis with a class exercise on the same subject, and discussed by Wallace Jones, S. M. Williams. Compound Numbers—S. M. Williams; explains some seeming exceptions to rule, in regard to the multiplier.

MONDAY EVENING.—Effects and Defects of the Common Schools.—The discussion was opened by Prof. Dunn, in an able address, showing the many blessings and advantages derived from the Common Schools, and also, the many defects in their administration; Prof. Chevis followed, and showed the impossibility of local taxation being sufficient in some counties, alluded to the benefits of Public Schools in Germany, and favored compulsory education, offering the compulsory laws of London, Vt., and Massachusetts, as examples. Col. Frank Wolford, closed the interesting subject in an enthusiastic and eloquent address, and warmly advocated compulsory laws.

TUESDAY MORNING.—What Motives and Incentives to Study, ought to be Appealed To.—Opened by H. T. Harris, after which, an interesting discussion ensued, participated in by W. P. Thomas, S. M. Williams, G. W. Chevis, W. L. Williams and S. H. Porter, all agreeing that a variety of incentives was necessary, such as, creating an interest in the pupils, inspiring them with enthusiasm, bestowing rewards, and using the marking system. Mr. Coleman objected to rewards and the marking system in Common Schools; thought that the teacher should resort to higher and more noble incentives than rewards or marks, believing both to be dangerous in their tendency.

EVENING.—Are Normal or Training Schools Necessary.—Discussed by D. W. Coleman, Prof. Ashill, Col. Wolford, Prof. Chevis, and Col. Adams, all agreeing in the incompetency of the mass of teachers, the necessity of professional training, the inadequacy of teachers' Institutes to fully meet this demand, and the beneficial results of Normal Schools. Mr. Coleman holding that colleges, however competent they might be, did not necessarily make teachers.

WEDNESDAY.—Physiology and Hygiene.—Prof. Chevis read an able paper on the importance of physiology and hygiene being taught in Common Schools. Mr. Coleman, Elder Williams, Rev. W. W. Harris, Lee and Thomas, gave interesting views on the same subject, all acknowledging its importance, but differing some in regard to the subjects, manner and extent it should be taught.

SCHOOL EXAMINATIONS AND EXHIBITIONS.—Members being called on individually, called forth the following views: J. H. Hankins and T. S. Benson, believed, both in examinations and exhibitions. H. A. Lee, Mr. Perryman, and Miss McLean, were very much in favor of examinations, but exhibitions only under certain circumstances. N. B. Nash, Miss Sallie Wolford, Miss Julia Marcum, Miss Rebecca Hudson, Prof. Chevis, A. B. Williams, and W. P. Thomas, fully endorsed examinations, but were strongly opposed to exhibitions. The relation of Trustees to the Teachers and their respective duties, was clearly defined by Prof. Chevis, in a lengthy address.

READING AND RECITATION.—"The Raven" was well read by H. A. Lee, and James Eagle recited "The Raven," a parody on "The Raven," in a manner which brought frequent applause, closing with "The Man who invented sleep," by E. M. Estes, which was well rendered. The "Recitation" was well presented by Prof. Chevis, in an extended address, followed by Rev. W. W. Harris, and others. His object being to teach pupils to think, how to study a lesson, to develop their minds by a regular process of reasoning, seemed to be the principal features of their discourses. Instructions to Teachers were given by Commissioner Coleman, by drawings on the blackboard, how to make out teachers' and trustees reports, and also explanations were given on the text book subject.

THURSDAY.—School Government.—C. B. Anderson; before a teacher can govern children, he must first learn to govern himself. He must make his government uniform, applicable alike to all, rich and poor, large and small. W. P. Thomas—first, leave the child's mind of fear, and explain to him the necessity of government in school. G. W. Chevis; the teacher should fully understand the relation between himself and pupil—punishment should be reformatory, and not vindictive. Punishment should be mild, but certain. Corporal punishment should be abolished. In nine cases out of ten, the dull boy makes his mark. How diligent we ought to be in assisting them along. Rev. W. W. Harris; the teacher should be a model. Though the law of all government should be love; yet, circumstances may arise when corporal

punishment may be necessary. Though for many years an inhabitant of Texas, yet, he loved his native State, Kentucky, and like Cooper loved England, he loved her with all her faults. How shall we prevent crime? Not by laws, they fail. Laws may punish, but can't change the character. We can redeem Kentucky by educating all, morally, intellectually and physically. Col. Wolford—we commit our children to the teachers in order to qualify them to live. The awful responsibility of the teacher. The teacher should be a King! Not the King with rules with an iron rod, but with kindness. Big hearted people will thank the teacher if he does his duty, and children will curse him if he does not.

RESOLUTIONS.—The Committee on resolutions, made the following report, which was adopted: WHEREAS, The present session of the Casey County Teachers' Institute, has been eminently successful in the cause of education, be it therefore,

Resolved, That we, the teachers and friends of the Institute, pledge ourselves to its support and encouragement.

2d. That we express our thanks to our efficient School Commissioner, D. W. Coleman, for his devoted labors in the cause of popular education.

3d. Our thanks are due Prof. G. W. Chevis, who has so ably conducted the exercises of the Institute.

4th. That we especially extend our cordial thanks to Prof. Dunn and Ashill, of Columbia, Ky., and Miss Burgin, and Eld. Williams, of Hustonsville, and others, who have so generously worked for the success of the Institute.

5th. That our thanks are due, and are hereby extended to the officers of the Christian Church, for the use of their house, and to the proprietors of the hotels, for their polite attention, and also, Col. Wolford and Adams, for the interest they have taken in our proceedings.

J. H. HANKINS, JOAN McDANIEL, Committee.

CLOSING EXERCISES.—The exercises were concluded by able addresses from Col. Wolford and Adams, and a beautiful Valedictory by Prof. Chevis.

Frye's Creek.

THE weather is dry. Frye's creek is very low, and sinking daily.

CORN crops in this locality are looking very well, since the incessant rains have ceased to fall. The atmosphere is mild and salubrious. The farmers no longer wear elongated faces.

RELIGIOUS.—We have a model Sabbath School at Robert's Chapel—one in which a deep interest is manifested. Also an interesting prayer meeting is being conducted at the same place on every Sunday night. Many persons in this vicinity never before known to participate in the exercises of a prayer meeting, have unitedly tasked themselves to make this a perfect success. May they succeed.

MARRIED.—At the bride's mothers', near Middleburg, on the 25th ult., Thomas Shaw to Miss Emma Jeffries.

DIED.—At her mother's, on Little South Fork, Cynthia, daughter of Sarah Saunders.

JAR. MOORE, while working on his farm, a few days since, found a tarpan of unusual size, being as large as an ordinary plate. This singular specimen of animal creation, it seems, had been a captive before. He had indelibly cut upon his back the date 1843, and other letters and figures not legible, supposed to be the date of his capture in that year.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE NEW YORK STORE!

WILL OFFER ONE OF THE BEST ASSORTED

STOCKS OF MERCHANDISE!

IN THEIR NEW BUILDING

ABOUT THE 15th OF SEPTEMBER.

OPPOSITE THE MYERS HOUSE.

NOTICE.

PUBLIC SALE!

Having recently been won and purchased a farm and having determined to remove thither, I will sell at public auction at Halls trap Station,

On Wednesday, September 26, 1876, containing the sale from day to day until the whole is disposed of, the following property, to wit:

4 Dwelling Houses and Lots.

1 Store House and Lot.

Blacksmith Shop and Lot,

And One Vacant Lot,

Together with my Household and Kitchen Furniture,

Farming Utensils, &c., &c.

1 Set of Blacksmith Tools,

Also my entire stock of goods, consisting of

Dry Goods, Groceries, &c.

One of the houses above referred to is the largest and best suited for Hotel purposes than any property in the place.

On Tuesday, the 5th of October, 1876, I will sell my farm in Garrard county, lying on the waters of Brakes' creek, a mile south of Lancaster, and 5 miles north of Crab Orchard, together with

10 or 12 head of Cattle,

15 head of Hogs,

2 head of Horses,

1 Horse Wagon,

1 Spring Wagon,

1 Newer,

1 Ox Cart,

Farming Utensils,

Lot of Hay,

Corn, Oats, &c.

TERMS OF SALE.

On REAL ESTATE.—One half cash will be required. Balance in two equal installments of 4 and 12 months. Bonds will be given on first payment, and also retained to secure the rest of the purchase money.

On PERSONAL PROPERTY.—All sums of ten dollars and under cash in hand, over that amount on monthly time with interest—the purchaser executing a negotiable note payable at the National Bank at Stanford, with approved security.

On FURNITURE.—All sums of ten dollars and under cash in hand, over that amount on monthly time with interest—the purchaser executing a negotiable note payable at the National Bank at Stanford, with approved security.

JOHN F. PETTUS, Auctioneer.

He will call on Mr. Pettus, who resides there, and who will take pleasure in showing the premises. Those wishing to see the property at Halls trap Station will be in person.

DISCERNABLE. SPEEDY CURE. PRESCRIPTION FREE.

For the speedy cure of Nervous Debility, Weakness, Optic Falling, Drunkenness, Catarrhs, Asthma and Consumption. Any Druggist can put it up. Address, PROF. W. H. WILSON, Charleston, Mass. 178-7

GREAT Inducements for Speculators!

400 Acres of Land!

Heavily timbered, with a large quantity of Beech, maple and other valuable timber, lying immediately on the C. & O. R. R. in Pulaski county, Ky., a mile north of Somerset, are offered at private sale. There will be a deposit located at or near the property. Also 50 acres of cleared land—good soil, splendid water. Apply to

COLE A. HENDERSON, Adams Mills P. O., Ky. 163-4m

H. C. MITCHELL, Formerly with Rupp, Hardie & Co., is now connected with the firm of

Thomas, Major & Pierce,

WHOLESALE LIQUORS!

LOUISVILLE, KY. 172-4m



O. P. TOWNSELY, —WITH—

JOE THOMAS, ABBOT THOMAS, HARVEY HARRIS, J. W. HARPER.

A. & J. TROUNSTINE & CO., IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS OF

Foreign & Domestic Woollens, —AND—

Wholesale Clothiers,

No. 3 and 55 West Third Street, 159-1 CINCINNATI, OHIO.

THE CARSON HOUSE,

FORMERLY MILLER HOUSE, R. CARSON, PROPRIETOR, LANCASTER, KY.

The undersigned having purchased the Miller House, in Lancaster, Ky., and refitted it up in good style, he flatters himself that he is able to treat his guests with as good accommodations as any hotel in the interior of Kentucky. Having had thirty years' experience, off and on, in the business he thinks he knows how to make the travelers feel at home. He has a good bar, and a clerk unsurpassed by any—the veteran John Romans, who has had years of experience in the business. Good single well filled with provisions, with the best of health. Thanks to the good people for past favors, and as peace is made in this place, we hope you will not be lacking in stopping at Lancaster, and especially at the Carson House.

RAILROADS.

LOUISVILLE, Paducah & South-Western RAILROAD.

Train leaves Louisville at 8:30 A. M.	Arrive.	Leave.
Grayson Springs	12:25 P. M.	12:25 P. M.
Brooksville Junction	2:15 P. M.	2:15 P. M.
Nottingham	3:05 P. M.	3:05 P. M.
Paducah	5:00 P. M.	5:00 P. M.
Arrives at Louisville at 4:30 P. M.		

Connecting at Owensboro Junction with E. O. A. N. R. R. for the West.

At Paducah for all points South and West—West. At Louisville for all points North-East.

D. F. WHITNEY, Sup't. EDWARD P. WILSON, Gen'l Frt & Ticket Ag't, Louisville, Ky.

GO NORTH. SOUTH, EAST AND WEST.

LOUISVILLE & Nashville AND South & North Alabama RAILROADS.

CONDENSED TIME JULY 4th, 1876.

Trains leave Stanford as follows daily, Sundays excepted.

GOING NORTH.

Leave Stanford	9:25 A. M.
Arrive Lebanon Junction	1:10 P. M.
" Bardonia Junction	1:42 P. M.
" Cincinnati Junction	2:35 P. M.
" Louisville	3:55 P. M.

GOING SOUTH.

Leave Stanford	8:15 P. M.
Arrive Richmond Junction	3:20 P. M.
" Richmond	3:35 P. M.
" Lexington	5:00 P. M.

NOTE.—Through passenger cars change cars at Lebanon Junction arriving at Cincinnati Junction in time to connect with Short Line trains arriving at Cincinnati at 8:40 A. M. Arrive at Louisville in time to connect with M. & O. R. R. to N. Y. and E. N. Mail Line Steamers for all points South, East, and West. Passengers going South via Montgomery or Memphis Union, leave Lebanon Junction at 12:30 A. M., 1:30 A. M. and 7:00 P. M. Trains leave Louisville daily, except Sunday, at 9:30 A. M., and run to Richmond without change. Passenger cars leave Louisville at 10:10 A. M. and over take this train at Lebanon Junction.

Pullman Palace Cars

run North, South, East and West both ways without change, from

Louisville to Chicago, ST. LOUIS, NEW YORK, and the principal Eastern Cities.

Palace cars are run South both ways without change to Nashville, Chattanooga, Memphis, Atlanta, Montgomery, New Orleans, New Orleans, Jacksonville, and all other intermediate points. Ticket Office at Depot.

F. J. ARMSTRONG, Ag't Stanford, Ky. 154-1

JNO. H. CRAIG, —AT THE—

TRADE PALACE CASH STORE,

MAIN STREET, STANFORD, KY.,

OFFERS AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

10,000 YDS. "KENTUCKY BELLE" JEANS.

5,000 YDS. STANFORD DOE SKIN JEANS.

2,000 WHITE LINSEY, 1 yard wide.

1,000 GREY AND WHITE DOMET FLANNELS.

2,000 LBS. YARNS IN ALL COLORS.

1,000 LBS. ALL WOOL BLANKETS.

These Goods are manufactured by the Stanford Woolen Mills, and are popular with the Trade on account of their pure stock and heavy weight. The attention of Merchants is called to an examination of these Goods before making their purchases. Having the exclusive sale of all the Goods made by these Mills I can offer special inducements to the Farmers and Trade generally that want first-class goods. This is strictly a Home Institution and deserves a liberal support.

SAMPLES CHEERFULLY SENT AND ORDERS PROMPTLY AND CAREFULLY FILLED.

GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES.

TEVIS' CASH CLOTHING HOUSE







